Closed book, closed notes. Clearly circle ("O") the one choice that you think is most definitely correct. Cross out (" $\times$ ") only one choice that you think is definitely incorrect.

For questions (1)-(2), on April 8, 2024, observers in San Luis Obispo, CA will observe a partial solar eclipse.<sup>1</sup>

- 1. [4.0 points.] During this partial solar eclipse, observers in San Luis Obispo, CA will be located in:
  - (A) the moon's umbra.
  - (B) the moon's penumbra.
  - (C) the moon's negative shadow.
  - (D) Earth's umbra.
  - (E) Earth's penumbra.
- [4.0 points.] During this partial solar eclipse, the moon will be in its \_\_\_\_\_ phase.
  (A) new.
  - (B) first quarter.
  - (C) full.
  - (D) third quarter.
  - (E) (Depends on the time of day.)
- 3. [4.0 points.] Aristotle based his model of the universe on *first principles*, which:
  - (A) are ideas accepted as truth without further examination.
  - (B) are predictions that could be tested by observations.
  - (C) are universal statements of cause and effect.
  - (D) describe phenomena without explaining why it occurs.
- **4**. [4.0 points.] \_\_\_\_\_\_ explained the prograde and retrograde motion of a planet by having it move on a circle that itself moves around Earth.
  - (A) Aristotle.
  - (B) Ptolemy.
  - (C) Copernicus.
  - (D) Tycho.
  - (E) Kepler.
  - (F) Galileo.
  - (G) Newton.

5. [4.0 points.] The diagram at right shows Mars retrograde motion, as seen from Earth.

- (A) about to start.
- (B) in the middle of.
- (C) just completing.



Questions (6)-(10) are continued on the back of this page.

1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> timeanddate.com/eclipse/in/usa/san-luis-obispo?iso=20240408. 20.02.13

Closed book, closed notes. Clearly circle ("O") the one choice that you think is most definitely correct. Cross out (" $\times$ ") only one choice that you think is definitely incorrect.

This quiz continues from questions (1)-(5) on the other side of this page.

For questions (6)-(7) the locations of Mercury, Venus, and Earth are shown in the diagram below (not to scale, and orbits have been simplified as circles instead of ellipses).



- 6. [4.0 points.] At sunset, \_\_\_\_\_\_ will be visible somewhere in the sky.
  - (A) Mercury.
  - (B) Venus.
  - (C) (Both of the above choices.)
  - (D) (Neither of the above choices.)
- 7. [4.0 points.] At sunrise, Venus will be:
  - (A) low over the east horizon.
  - (B) somewhere high up in the sky.
  - (C) low over the west horizon.
  - (D) not visible in the sky.
- **8**. [4.0 points.] Kepler's laws are *empirical*, because they:
  - (A) are universal statements of cause and effect.
  - (B) are accepted as truth without further examination.
  - (C) make predictions that could be tested by observations.
  - (D) describe phenomena without explaining why it occurs.
- **9**. [4.0 points.] Galileo's observations of the moons of Jupiter supported the heliocentric model of planetary motion over the geocentric model because:
  - (A) their orbits were elliptical instead of circular.
  - (B) there could be centers of motion other than Earth.
  - (C) no parallax was observed.
  - (D) it showed that epicycles and deferents were not real.
- **10**. [4.0 points.] Newton's laws remade astronomy into an analytical science because these laws make predictions that:
  - (A) could be tested by observation.
  - (B) the universe is perfect and unchanging.
  - (C) describe motion without explaining why it occurs.
  - (D) deduced truth about the universe from first principles.